

HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM

Southwestern Oregon Community College

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HAZARD COMMUNICATION PROGRAM

GENERAL INFORMATION

Southwestern Oregon Community College is committed to preventing accidents and ensuring the safety and health of our employees. We will comply with all applicable federal and state health and safety rules and provide a safe, healthful environment for all our employees. This written hazard communication plan is available on the “MyLakerLink” Administrative Services Safety portal at [Hazard Communication Program](#). It is also available in the front of all Safety Data Sheet (SDS) books (see SDS locations Appendix A) and can be found in [Safe Colleges](#), Southwestern’s online safety training system.

PURPOSE

The purpose of Hazard Communication or Right-to-Know as it is sometimes called, is very simple: Employees have both a need and a right to know the hazards and identities of the chemicals to which they are exposed and the necessary protective measures to prevent injury or illness.

Availability of hazard information benefits both employers and employees. Employers are required to provide a safe and healthful workplace for employees, and will be able to do a better job when they have information about the potential hazards. Employees will be better able to take steps to protect themselves when they know what the hazards are and how to avoid exposure. The result will be a reduction in chemically-related occupational illnesses and injuries.

A chemical is defined as any element, chemical compound or mixture of elements and/or compounds. Chemical hazards arise from inhaling chemical agents in the form of vapors, gases, dusts, fumes, and mists or by skin contact with these materials. The degree of risk of handling a given substance depends on the magnitude and duration of exposure.

IDENTIFYING HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS

A list is attached (Appendix E) to this plan that identifies all hazardous chemicals with a potential for employee exposure at this workplace. Detailed information about the physical, health, and other hazards of each chemical is included in a Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and the product identifier for each chemical on the list matches and can be easily cross-referenced with the product identifier on its label and on its Safety Data Sheet.

SAFETY DATA SHEETS (SDS) (PREVIOUSLY KNOWN AS MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS)

A Safety Data Sheet (SDS) is a detailed information bulletin prepared by the manufacturer or importer of a chemical that describes the physical and chemical properties, physical and health hazards, routes of exposure, precautions for safe handling and use, emergency and first-aid procedures, and control measures. Information on a SDS aids in the selection of safe products and helps prepare employers and employees to respond effectively to daily exposure situations as well as to emergency situations.

Copies of SDSs for all hazardous chemicals to which employees of Southwestern may be exposed are found in the locations listed in Appendix A. Safety Data Sheets are updated and managed by Administrative Services in cooperation with the Director of Facilities, Executive Director of OCCI, Executive Chef of Dining Services, Welding Faculty, Science Faculty, Housing Director, Nursing Simulation Equipment Lab Assistant and Art Faculty. The Dean of Curry Campus will manage Safety Data Sheets at the Brookings and Gold Beach Campuses. If a Safety Data Sheet is not immediately available for a hazardous chemical, employees can obtain the required information by calling one of the below staff:

Administrative Services: 541-888-7206
Facilities Director: 541-888-7229
Dean of Curry Campus: 541-813-1672
Assistant Director Curry: 541-813-1671

EMPLOYEE INFORMATION AND TRAINING

Prior to starting work, each new employee of Southwestern whose job requires them to work with chemicals will receive information and training on the following:

- An overview of the requirements in Oregon OSHA's hazard communication rules.
- Hazardous chemicals present in their workplace.
- Any operations in their work area where hazardous chemicals are used.
- The location of the written hazard communication plan and where it may be reviewed.
- How to understand and use the information on labels and in Safety Data Sheets.
- Physical and health hazards of the chemicals in their work areas.
- Methods used to detect the presence or release of hazardous chemicals in the work area.
- Steps the College has taken to reduce or prevent exposure to these chemicals such as ventilation, presence of another employee for specific procedures, respirators, emergency procedures, etc.
- Methods used to detect the presence or release of hazardous chemicals in the work area.
- How employees can protect themselves from exposure to these hazardous chemicals through use of engineering controls/work practices and Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).
- An explanation of any special labeling present in the workplace.
- Emergency procedures to follow if an employee is exposed to these chemicals.

Administrative Services, in cooperation with managers, is responsible to ensure that employees receive this training. After receiving training, each employee will sign the Acknowledgement of Hazard Communication Training page in this document and send it to Administrative Services to verify they received the training and understood the policies on hazard communication.

Prior to a new hazardous chemical being introduced into any area of this workplace, employees using the chemical will be given information as outlined above by their supervisor/manager.

INFORMING EMPLOYEES WHO DO SPECIAL TASKS

Before employees perform special non-routine tasks that may expose them to hazardous chemicals, their supervisor will review with them the chemical's hazards. Supervisors must inform employees how to control exposure and what to do in an emergency. The supervisor will evaluate the hazards of these tasks and provide appropriate controls including PPE and any additional training as required. Examples of special tasks that may expose employees to hazardous chemicals include the following:

Example of non-routine tasks performed by employees of Southwestern would be:

Task: Restriping curbs with yellow paint
Hazardous Chemical: Yellow Zone Marking Paint

HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS LIST

Appendix E is a list of all known hazardous chemicals used by Southwestern employees. Each SDS book on campus will have the appropriate index of chemicals that are in the area the SDS book is located. More information on each chemical noted is available by reviewing the corresponding Safety Data Sheet. Administrative Services is responsible for maintaining the chemical inventory list.

IDENTIFYING CONTAINERS OF HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS

All hazardous chemical containers used at Southwestern will be marked with one of the following:

- The original manufacturer's label that includes a product identifier; an appropriate signal word; hazard statements; pictograms; precautionary statements; and the name, address, and telephone number of the chemical manufacturer, importer, or other responsible party.
- Another label with the appropriate label elements just described.
- Workplace labeling that includes the product identifier and words, pictures, symbols, or a combination that provides at least general information regarding the hazards of the chemicals.

Below is a list of staff who will ensure that all containers in their areas of responsibility are appropriately labeled.

Facilities	Facilities Director
Student Housing	Executive Director of Student Housing
Chemistry/Biology Lab	Science Faculty
OCCI	Executive Director of OCCI
Dining Services	Executive Chef of Dining Services
Art Studio	Art Faculty
Nursing	Simulation Equipment Lab Assistant
Welding	Welding Faculty
Brookings	Dean of Curry Campus
Gold Beach	Dean of Curry Campus

No container will be released for use until this information is verified. Workplace labels must be legible and in English. Information in other languages is available by contacting Administrative Services at 541-888-7206.

It is the responsibility of each supervisor or staff in the areas above to obtain a new Safety Data Sheet whenever a new chemical is ordered. When new chemicals are received, the supervisor or staff will send Administrative Services a copy of the new Safety Data Sheet (SDS) indicating what department is using it. Administrative Services will then add the new SDS to the appropriate department's index to be placed at the front of the SDS Book by the supervisor/staff. The supervisor/staff should file the new SDS in alphabetical order with the other SDS. When new chemicals are introduced, the supervisor will do the following:

- Provide employees with information on the physical and health effects of the hazardous chemical by reviewing the SDS with them.
- Ensure that all secondary containers are labeled with product identifier and words, pictures, symbols, or a combination that provides general information regarding the hazards of the chemical.

SECONDARY CONTAINER LABELING

All secondary containers of hazardous chemicals used at Southwestern will be, at minimum, labeled with:

- Product identifier and words, pictures or symbols or a combination that provides at least general information about the hazards of the chemicals.



If the manufacturer/distributor of the chemical provides labels for secondary containers, staff shall use them on secondary containers.

The staff listed above in *Identifying Containers of Hazardous Chemicals* are responsible to verify that all containers of hazardous materials received for their area of use are labeled, tagged or marked with the correct information.

CHEMICALS IN PIPES

Some work activities are performed by employees in areas where chemicals are transferred through pipes. Southwestern follows the labeling requirements in OAR 437-002-0378 concerning the labeling of pipes. Before working in areas where hazardous chemicals are transferred through unlabeled pipes or where pipes are insulated with asbestos-containing material, employees will contact the Facilities Director for the following information:

- Identity of chemicals in the pipes.
- Physical or health hazards presented by the chemicals.
- Safe work practices necessary to prevent exposure.

INFORMING CONTRACTORS

It is the responsibility of the below staff to provide contractors (with employees) the following information:

Facilities	Facilities Director
Student Housing	Executive Director of Student Housing
Brookings	Dean of Curry Campus
Gold Beach	Dean of Curry Campus
Dining Services	Executive Chef of Dining Services
OCCI	Executive Director of OCCI

- The identity of the chemicals, how to review Southwestern Safety Data Sheets, and an explanation of the container and pipe labeling system.
- Safe work practices to prevent exposure.

It is the responsibility of the Facilities Director to identify and obtain SDSs for chemicals the contractor is bringing into the workplace.



Southwestern Oregon Community College

I have been informed about the hazardous chemicals that I may be exposed to during my work and I have received training on the following topics:

- An overview of the requirements in Oregon OSHA's hazard communication rules.
- Hazardous chemicals present in the workplace.
- The written hazard-communication plan.
- Physical and health effects of the hazardous chemicals.
- Methods to determine the presence or release of hazardous chemicals in the work area.
- How to reduce or prevent exposure to these hazardous chemicals through use of exposure controls/work practices and personal protective equipment.
- Steps we have taken to reduce or prevent exposure to these chemicals.
- Emergency procedures to follow if exposed to these chemicals.
- How to read labels and review safety data sheets.

Note to employee: This form becomes part of your personnel file; read and understand it before signing.

Employee: _____ Date: _____

Trainer: _____ Date: _____

PLEASE NOTE, BEFORE YOU USE A CHEMICAL, YOU MUST KNOW WHERE TO LOCATE THE SDS FOR IT, HOW TO READ THE SDS, AND ANY PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT REQUIRED TO HANDLE THE CHEMICAL SAFELY. YOU SHOULD ALSO BE FAMILIAR WITH CONTROL MEASURES AND FIRST AID MEASURES IN CASE OF ACCIDENTAL EXPOSURE.

Please Return this Form to Administrative Services

APPENDIX A SAFETY DATA SHEET LOCATIONS

SDS Books are found at the following locations on campus:

Brookings Campus

- Science Lab (Room 112-only lab chemicals used)
- Staff 107 (master List of all chemicals in the building)
- 107a (toners, office supplies, etc.)
- Commercial Kitchen (kitchen cleaning chemicals)
- 140 Maintenance Office (maintenance, cleaning and other supplies)
- Nursing (Room 210a)

Coaledo Hall – Chemistry Lab #2 on west wall (specialty unit for Chem. Lab chemicals only)

Dellwood Hall – First Stop lobby

Eden Hall - Art Lab Sculpture area in Eden 5 on south wall (specialty unit for Art Lab chemicals only)

Empire Hall/PAC – Outside the Blackbox Theatre near first aid/disaster recovery plan/fire extinguisher station

Fairview Hall - Machine Tools Shop – outside Machine Shop Classroom (specialty unit for Machine Lab chemicals only)

Family Center/Childcare – Outside Office 108 in hallway at first aid/disaster recovery plan/fire extinguisher station

Fire Science Building – in garage on south wall

Green House (specialty unit for Greenhouse chemicals only)

Lampa Hall – outside of men's/women's bathrooms on west wall near first aid/disaster recovery plan/fire extinguisher station

Maintenance Building – south wall in carpenter's shop.

Newmark Center – On first floor in lobby inside north entrance near fire extinguisher

OCCI (specialty unit for OCCI chemicals only) –

- 1 in Baking Kitchen 128 in northwest corner
- 1 in Prep Kitchen 136 in southwest corner
- 1 in À la Carte Kitchen 121 in southwest corner

Print Shop – In Mail Room on west wall (specialty unit for Print Shop chemicals only)

Recreation Center – Next to front desk/near climbing wall in lobby area

Randolph Hall - Outside women's restroom in hallway

Sitkum Hall – Outside men's/women's bathrooms in hallway near east entrance with first aid/fire extinguisher station.

Stensland Hall – In lobby area on south wall outside of bathrooms/next to door to Student Support Services

Sumner Hall – In Sumner 2 (specialty unit for Nursing chemicals only)

Sunset Hall – Office #7

Tioga Hall – First- floor – On west wall outside of T105 near first aid/disaster recovery plan/fire extinguisher station All other floors the SDS are in the custodial closets which are not locked.

The SDS books are arranged in alphabetical order by the chemical's trade name or product name. SDSs will be available to all employees in their work area for review during each work shift. If SDSs are not available or new chemicals in use do not have a SDS, immediately contact Administrative Services at 541-888-7206. For more information on how to read a SDS, see Appendix D Safety Data Sheets.

APPENDIX B RULES HAZCOM DOES AND DOES NOT APPLY TO

RULES APPLY TO...

Any chemical that employees may be exposed to under normal conditions of use in the workplace or in a foreseeable emergency. "Foreseeable emergency" means any potential occurrence such as equipment failure, rupture of containers, or failure of control equipment.

RULES DO NOT APPLY TO...

Hazardous waste as defined by Solid Waste Disposal Act and subject to EPA.

Hazardous substances as defined by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act and subject to EPA.

Tobacco or tobacco products.

Wood or wood products, including lumber which will not be processed, where only flammable or combustible hazards exist. Wood or wood products which have been treated with a hazardous chemical covered by the standard, and wood which may be subsequently sawed or cut, generating dust, are not exempted.

Articles - a manufactured item other than a fluid or particle that does not release more than minute or trace amounts of hazardous chemicals and does not pose physical or health hazard.

Food or alcoholic beverages sold, used, or prepared in a retail establishment. Foods intended for personal consumption.

Drugs as defined by the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, in solid, final form for direct administration to a patient.

Drugs packaged by manufacturers for sale in retail establishments (e.g., over-the-counter drugs).

Drugs intended for personal consumption (e.g., first aid supplies).

Cosmetics packaged for sale in retail establishments or intended for personal consumption.

Consumer products or hazardous substances defined by Consumer Product Safety Act and Federal Hazardous Substances Act used in same manner and ranges of exposure (frequency and duration) as that experienced by consumers.

Nuisance particulates that do not pose physical or health hazards.

Ionizing and nonionizing radiation

Biological hazards

HEALTH HAZARD



- **Carcinogens** – A chemical substance or mixture that can cause cancer.
- **Respiratory Sensitizer** – A chemical that if inhaled may lead to an allergic-type reaction of the lungs (respiratory system) if inhaled again.
- **Reproductive Toxicity** – Harmful effects to sexual function and fertility in adult males and females, or on development of the offspring.
- **Target Organ Toxicity (Single exposure)** – The significant health effects that can impair the function of a specific target organ (for example, the eyes or the kidneys) caused by a single exposure to a chemical. Toxic effects may be reversible or irreversible, immediate or delayed.
- **Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated exposure)** – The significant health effects that can impair function of a specific target organ (for example, the eyes or the kidneys) caused by repeated exposure to a substance or mixture. Toxic effects may be reversible or irreversible, immediate or delayed.
- **Mutagenicity** – Chemical exposure causing permanent changes in the amount or structure of the genetic material in a cell.
- **Aspiration Toxicity** – The harmful effect of a liquid or solid chemical when it enters the oral or nasal cavity directly by being breathed in or indirectly entering the respiratory system as a result of vomiting.

FLAME



- **Flammable Gases** – A gas that forms a flammable mixture with air at ambient temperature and pressure.
- **Flammable Aerosols** – A chemical in a non-refillable container with a gas compressed, liquefied or dissolved under pressure and fitted with a release device allowing the contents to be ejected as particles in suspension in a gas, or in another form; and meeting flammability test criteria.
- **Self Reactives** – Thermally unstable liquid or solid chemicals likely to undergo decomposition – even without interaction with air. These chemicals that are likely to undergo a stronger exothermic decomposition are classified under explosives.
- **Pyrophoric Liquids** – A liquid chemical that, even in small quantities, is likely to ignite within five minutes after coming into contact with air.
- **Pyrophoric Solids** – A solid chemical that even in small quantities is likely to ignite within five minutes after coming into contact with air.
- **Self-Heating** – A solid or liquid chemical (other than a pyrophoric liquid or solid) that, without energy supply, is likely to react with air and generate heat. Differs from a pyrophoric liquid or solid because it will ignite only when in large amounts and after long periods of time (hours or days).
- **Emits Flammable Gas** – Solid or liquid chemicals that, when in contact with water, emit flammable gases or that, by interaction with water, are likely to ignite spontaneously or to give off flammable gases in dangerous quantities.
- **Organic Peroxides** – A carbon-containing compound having two oxygen atoms joined together (-O-O-) called a “peroxy” group. Organic peroxides can be severe if and explosion hazards.

EXCLAMATION MARK



- **Irritant (Skin or Eyes)** – Reversible damage to the skin or eyes following exposure to a chemical substance.
- **Dermal Sensitizer** – An allergic-type reaction of skin tissue after repeated exposure to a chemical substance.
- **Acute Toxicity (Harmful)** – Harmful, health effects that occur soon after a single oral or dermal exposure to a chemical substance; or multiple doses given within 24 hours; or an inhalation exposure of four hours.
- **Narcotic Effects** – Depression of the central nervous system, exhibited as sleepiness, reduced alertness, loss of reflexes, lack of coordination, and dizziness caused by chemical exposure. Can also be shown as severe headache or nausea and can lead to irritability, fatigue, and worsen memory, perception, and reaction time.
- **Respiratory Tract Irritants** – Chemical exposure effects, characterized by localized by redness, swelling, and fluid build-up that weakens respiratory function with symptoms such as cough, pain, choking, and difficulty breathing.

GAS CYLINDER



- **Gas Under Pressure** – Gases in a container at a pressure of 29 psi (gauge) or more, are liquefied or are liquefied and refrigerated.

CORROSION



- **Corrosive (destructive) to skin or eyes** – Irreversible damage to the skin or eyes, including visible, localized death (necrosis) of skin tissue, burns, or serious eye damage following exposure to a chemical substance.
- **Corrosives** – A chemical that will by chemical action materially damage or destroy metals.

EXPLODING BOMB



- **Explosives** – A solid or liquid chemical that is capable by chemical reaction of producing gas at such a temperature and pressure and at such a speed as to cause damage to the surroundings. Pyrotechnic chemicals are included even when they do not evolve gases.
- **Self Reactives** – Thermally unstable liquid or solid chemicals likely to undergo a strongly exothermic decomposition even without participation of oxygen (air). This definition excludes chemicals classified under this section as explosives, organic peroxides, oxidizing liquids, or oxidizing solids.
- **Organic Peroxides** – Any organic (carbon-containing) compound having two oxygen atoms joined together (-O-O-) called a “peroxy” group, where one or both of the hydrogen atoms have been replaced by organic radicals (with an unpaired electron). Organic peroxides are thermally unstable chemicals, which may undergo exothermic self-accelerating decomposition. In addition, they are likely to have one or more of the following properties:
 - **Likely to explode**
 - **Burn intensely**
 - **Be sensitive to impact or friction**
 - **React dangerously with other substances**

FLAME OVER CIRCLE



- **Oxidizer** – A substance that readily yields oxygen to cause or intensify the combustion of organic material. Includes gases, liquids, and solids.

SKULL AND CROSSBONES



- **Acute Toxicity (Severe or Fatal)** – Severe, harmful health effects (that may include death) occurring soon after a single oral, dermal, or inhalation exposure to a chemical substance, or multiple exposures within a 24-hour period.

APPENDIX D SAFETY DATA SHEETS

SDS books are found in each building on campus listed in Appendix A. Administrative Services has electronic copies of all SDS for campus.

What information is required on an SDS? SDS must be written in English and contain the below information. The most important information when working with chemicals are section 1, 4, 8 and 11, which are highlighted.

Section 1, Identification includes product identifier; manufacturer or distributor name, address, phone number; emergency phone number; recommended use; restrictions on use.

Section 2, Hazard(s) identification includes all hazards regarding the chemical; required label elements.

Section 3, Composition/information on ingredients includes information on chemical ingredients; trade secret claims.

Section 4, First-aid measures includes important symptoms/ effects, acute, delayed; required treatment.

Section 5, Fire-fighting measures lists suitable extinguishing techniques, equipment; chemical hazards from fire.

Section 6, Accidental release measures lists emergency procedures; protective equipment; proper methods of containment and cleanup.

Section 7, Handling and storage lists precautions for safe handling and storage, including incompatibilities.

Section 8, Exposure controls/personal protection lists OSHA's Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs); ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLVs); and any other exposure limit used or recommended by the chemical manufacturer, importer, or employer preparing the SDS where available as well as appropriate engineering controls; personal protective equipment (PPE).

Section 9, Physical and chemical properties lists the chemical's characteristics.

Section 10, Stability and reactivity lists chemical stability and possibility of hazardous reactions.

Section 11, Toxicological information includes routes of exposure; related symptoms, acute and chronic effects; numerical measures of toxicity.

Section 12, Ecological information*

Section 13, Disposal considerations*

Section 14, Transport information*

Section 15, Regulatory information*

Section 16, Other information, includes the date of preparation or last revision.

*Note: Since other Agencies regulate this information, OSHA will not be enforcing Sections 12 through 15(29 CFR 1910.1200(g)(2)).

Below is a sample SDS:

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. IDENTIFICATION

PRODUCT NAME: QUICKLINE T-A-P ORANGE

RECOMMENDED USE: NEUTRAL CITRUS DEGREASER

RESTRICTIONS ON USE: DO NOT USE IN A MANNER INCONSISTENT WITH THE LABEL.

LABEL BRAND: U S CHEMICAL

SDS 3216131 C O D E 3 1 8 3 7 0 3

U S CHEMICAL 316 HART STREET WATERTOWN,WI 53094 USA

MEDICAL EMERGENCY: 1-866-923-4913 USA

SPILL EMERGENCY: 1-800-424-9300 USA

PRODUCT INFORMATION: 1-800-558-9566 USA (8 A.M. TO 5 P.M. CST MONDAY TO FRIDAY)

INTERNET ADDRESS: WWW.USCHEMICAL.COM

2. HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFICATION: EYE IRRITATION (CATEGORY 2B)

SKIN SENSITIZATION (CATEGORY 1)

LABEL ELEMENTS

SIGNAL WORD: WARNING

PICTOGRAMS: EXCLAMATION MARK

HAZARD STATEMENTS: CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS: Wear chemical-resistant protective gloves. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid breathing vapors or mists. Wash hands and affected areas thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the work place.

FIRST AID: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if

present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists, get medical attention. **IF ON SKIN:** Wash with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If skin irritation or rash occurs, get medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. **IF SWALLOWED:** Rinse mouth. If conscious, dilute by drinking up to a cupful of milk or water as tolerated.

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: 1-866-923-4913

Storage: Keep container tightly closed.

Disposal: Dispose of contents in accordance with all federal, state and local applicable laws and regulations.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN. FOR COMMERCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY.

HAZARDS NOT OTHERWISE CLASSIFIED: Not applicable.

3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

HAZARDOUS INGREDIENT(S) CAS # WEIGHT %

ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATE

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER

68439-46-3

111-90-0

1.7

1.1

D-LIMONENE 5989-27-5 0.5

STATE RIGHT TO KNOW: SEE SECTION 15 FOR STATE RTK CHEMICAL NAMES IN MIXTURE.

QUICKLINE T-A-P ORANGE SDS 3216131

4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

IF IN EYES: RINSE CAUTIOUSLY WITH WATER FOR SEVERAL MINUTES. REMOVE CONTACT LENSES, IF PRESENT AND EASY TO DO. CONTINUE RINSING FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES.

IF EYE IRRITATION PERSISTS, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION.

IF ON SKIN: WASH WITH PLENTY OF WATER. IF SKIN IRRITATION OCCURS, GET MEDICAL ATTENTION. TAKE OFF CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND WASH IT BEFORE REUSE.

IF SWALLOWED: RINSE MOUTH. IF CONSCIOUS, DILUTE BY DRINKING UP TO A CUPFUL OF MILK OR WATER AS TOLERATED.

IF INHALED: NO SPECIFIC FIRST AID MEASURES ARE REQUIRED.

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE: 1-866-923-4913

MOST IMPORTANT SYMPTOMS / EFFECTS: CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION.

MEDICAL CONDITIONS AGGRAVATED: NONE KNOWN.

NOTE TO PHYSICIAN: CALL 1-866-923-4913 FOR EXPOSURE MANAGEMENT ASSISTANCE.

5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

CHEMICAL HAZARDS: EYE IRRITATION. ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION. NON-FLAMMABLE.

COMBUSTION PRODUCT HAZARDS: OXIDES OF CARBON AND OTHER FUMES.

METHODS: SELECT EXTINGUISHER AND METHODS BASED ON FIRE SIZE AND TYPE.

EQUIPMENT: WEAR SCBA AND FULL PROTECTIVE GEAR AS CONDITIONS WARRANT.

NFPA RATING: HEALTH-2/FLAMMABILITY-0/ INSTABILITY-0/SPECIAL HAZARD-N.AP.

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHERS: WATER, DRY CHEMICAL, CO2 OR FOAM SUITABLE FOR FIRE.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHERS: NO RESTRICTIONS BASED ON CHEMICAL HAZARDS.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

PERSONAL PRECAUTIONS: EVACUATE UNPROTECTED PERSONNEL FROM AREA.

WEAR PERSONAL PROTECTION INCLUDING RUBBER BOOTS. SEE SECTION 8. VENTILATE AREA IF NEEDED. BE CAREFUL NOT TO SLIP. WASH THOROUGHLY AFTER CLEAN-UP.

ENVIRONMENTAL PRECAUTIONS: PREVENT SPILL FROM ENTERING DRAIN, STORM SEWER OR SURFACE WATERWAY. PREVENT WATER AND SOIL CONTAMINATION.

CLEAN-UP METHODS: SMALL SPILLS MAY BE WIPED UP AND RINSED WITH WATER.

FOR LARGER SPILLS, DIKE TO CONTAIN. PUMP TO LABELED CONTAINER OR ABSORB SPILLAGE AND SCOOP UP WITH INERT ABSORBENT MATERIAL. AFTER SPILL COLLECTION, RINSE AREA WITH WATER AND FOLLOW WITH NORMAL CLEAN-UP PROCEDURES.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

HANDLING: FOLLOW ALL LABEL DIRECTIONS. INSTRUCT PERSONNEL ABOUT PROPER USE, HAZARDS, PRECAUTIONS, AND FIRST AID MEASURES. AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES, SKIN AND CLOTHING. TAKE OFF CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND WASH IT BEFORE REUSE. DO NOT TASTE OR SWALLOW. PRODUCT RESIDUE MAY REMAIN ON OR IN EMPTY CONTAINERS. HANDLE CAREFULLY TO AVOID DAMAGING CONTAINER.

STORAGE: KEEP CONTAINER CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE. STORAGE AT AMBIENT TEMPERATURES IN A DRY AREA OUT OF DIRECT SUNLIGHT. PROTECT FROM FREEZING. ROTATE STOCK REGULARLY. KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD AND DRINK. KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.

QUICKLINE T-A-P ORANGE SDS 3216131

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE LIMITS: ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATE = NONE

DIETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER = NONE

D-LIMONENE = NONE

ENGINEERING CONTROLS: NONE REQUIRED. GENERAL ROOM VENTILATION IS TYPICALLY ADEQUATE.

PERSONAL PROTECTION

EYES: NONE REQUIRED WITH NORMAL USE.

HANDS: CHEMICAL-RESISTANT PROTECTIVE GLOVES (RUBBER OR NEOPRENE).

RESPIRATORY: NONE REQUIRED.

FEET: NONE REQUIRED. RUBBER BOOTS RECOMMENDED DURING SPILL CLEAN-UP.

BODY: NONE REQUIRED.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

APPEARANCE: ORANGE LIQUID

ODOR: ORANGE

pH CONCENTRATE: 10.0

pH @ 2500 PPM SOLUTION: N.AV.

pH @ USE DILUTION: N.AV.

PHYSICAL STATE: LIQUID

RELATIVE DENSITY (WATER): 1.008

SOLUBILITY (WATER): COMPLETE

VAPOR PRESSURE: N.AV.

VAPOR DENSITY: N. AV.

VISCOSITY: NON-VISCOUS

AUTO-IGNITION TEMPERATURE: N.AV.

DECOMPOSITION TEMPERATURE: N.AV.

EXPLOSIVE LIMITS (LEL/UEL): NONE

EVAPORATION RATE: N.AV.

FLAMMABILITY (SOLID, GAS): N.AP.

FLASH POINT: NONE

INITIAL BOILING POINT/RANGE: N.AV.

MELTING POINT/FREEZING POINT: N.AV.

ODOR THRESHOLD: N.AV.

PARTITION COEFF. (N-OCTANOL/WATER): N.AV.

OTHER: N.AV.

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

REACTIVITY: NO HAZARD.

CHEMICAL STABILITY: STABLE.

POSSIBILITY OF HAZARDOUS REACTIONS: NONE KNOWN. WILL NOT POLYMERIZE.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: TEMPERATURES BELOW 35°F (1.6°C) OR ABOVE 120°F (49°C).

MATERIALS TO AVOID: DIRECT MIXING WITH OTHER CHEMICALS. MIX ONLY WITH WATER.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS: NONE UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: EYES, SKIN, INGESTION, INHALATION.

INFORMATION ON ROUTES OF EXPOSURE: NO LC50/LD50 TEST DATA ON MIXTURE.

ACUTE EFFECTS /SYMPTOMS

EYES: CAUSES EYE IRRITATION. MAY CAUSE DISCOMFORT, REDNESS AND WATERING.

SKIN: MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION, DISCOMFORT, DRYING AND REDNESS.

INGESTION: MAY CAUSE IRRITATION, NAUSEA, VOMITING AND DIARRHEA.

INHALATION: NONE KNOWN.

CHRONIC / OTHER EFFECTS: NO REPORTABLE GERM CELL MUTAGENS, RESPIRATORY SENSITIZERS, REPRODUCTIVE TOXINS OR ASPIRATION HAZARDS.

SKIN SENSITIZERS: D-LIMONENE. MAY CAUSE AN ALLERGIC SKIN REACTION.

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGANS (SINGLE/REPEATED): NONE KNOWN.

NUMERICAL MEASURES OF TOXICITY: ATEmix (ORAL-RAT) = ABOVE 2000 MG / KG

CARCINOGENS: NO REPORTABLE ACGIH, IARC, NTP, OR OSHA CARCINOGENS.

QUICKLINE T-A-P ORANGE SDS 3216131

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ECOTOXICITY / CHEMICAL FATE: NOT AVAILABLE.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

DISPOSAL METHOD: DISPOSE OF CONTENTS IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL APPLICABLE LAWS AND REGULATIONS. CONSULT STATE AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES FOR RESTRICTIONS ON DISPOSAL OF CHEMICAL WASTE. MANAGE CHEMICAL WASTES THROUGH AN APPROVED WASTE TREATMENT FACILITY. DO NOT REUSE EMPTY CONTAINER. RINSE EMPTY CONTAINER THOROUGHLY WITH WATER BEFORE DISCARDING CONTAINER IN ACCORDANCE WITH CURRENT LOCAL COMMUNITY CODES. PLEASE RECYCLE EMPTY CONTAINER WHENEVER POSSIBLE.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT / IMDG / IATA / TDG: NOT REGULATED

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

EPA CERCLA RQ: NO

EPA REGISTERED: NO

OSHA HAZARDOUS: YES

PHOSPHORUS CONTENT: 0.00%

PROPOSITION 65: NO

SARA 311/312 HAZARDS: ACUTE

SARA 313 CHEMICALS: NO

STATE RIGHT TO KNOW: WATER/7732-18-5, ALCOHOL ETHOXYLATE/68439-46-3, DIETHYLENE GLYCOL ETHYL ETHER/111-90-0, D-LIMONENE/5989-27-5

TSCA INVENTORY STATUS: ALL COMPONENTS ARE LISTED ON THE INVENTORY.

VOC: 0.50% CALCULATION METHOD USED IS BASED ON CALIFORNIA ARB STANDARD.

16. OTHER INFORMATION

PREPARATION DATE: 9-9-14 **PREPARED BY:** RC **REVISED SECTION:** 16

ABBREVIATIONS: N.AV. = NOT AVAILABLE N.AP. = NOT APPLICABLE

NOTICE TO READER

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Art

Egyptian Paste	EPK
Cal-spar	Feldspar
Frit2106	Frit3110
Georgia Kaolin	Frit3134
Silica, Colloidal Primcoat	Frit3195
Silica, Fused, 20/50 mesh stucco	Frit3269
Silica, Fused, 200 mesh fused silica flour	Gerstley Borate
Silica, Fused, 50/100 mesh stucco	Grog
Silicon Bronze Ingot	Gum Arabic
Willamette White Clay	Ilmenite
Zirconium Spinel	Iron Chromate
Albany Clay Slip	Kentucky Ball Clay (OM 4)
Alumina Hydrate	Kenzan Porcelain Clay
Alumina Oxide	Kingman Feldspar
Antimony Oxide	Lithium Carbonate
Bentonite	Magesium Carbonate
Black Iron Oxide	Magnesium Oxide
Bone Ash	Manganese Carbonate
Borax	Manganese Dioxide
Boric Acid	Mica
Brush on 40	Microcrystalline Wax
Burnt Umber	Nepheline Syenite
Calcium Carbonate	Nickel Carbonate
China Clay	Nickel Oxide
Chrome Oxide	OM4 Ball Clay/Kentucky Ball Clay
CMC Gum	Paraffin Wax
Cobalt Carbonate	Potassium Dichromate
Cobalt Oxide	Potassium Sulfate
Copper Carbonate	PV Clay
Cornwall Stone	Red Art Fire Clay
Cryolite	Red Iron Oxide
Custer Feldspar	Rutile (Fine Grind)
Dolomite	
Superpax	
Talc	
Tin Oxide	
Titanium Dioxide	
Titanium Oxide	
Ultrox	
Vee Gum	
Vitrox,	
Volcanic Ash	
Whiting	
Wollastonite (Plastic Dry clay)	
Yellow Ochre (Yellow Iron Oxide)	
Zinc Oxide	
Zircopax	

Chemistry SDS

1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane
1,10-Phenanthroline
1,4-Butanediol
1,4-Dimethoxybenzene
1,5,-Dihydroxynaphthalene
1,5-Diphenylcarbazine
1,5-Diphenylcarbohydrazide
12-Hydroxyoctadecanoic acid
1-Amino-2-naphthol-4-sulfonic acid
1-Aminonaphthalene
1-Bromododecane
1-Chloroadamantane
1-Dodecene
1-Naphthol
1-Nitroso-2-naphthol
1-octadecene
1-Phenyl-2-thiourea
2,4 Dichlorophenoxyacetic acid
2,4,6-Tripyridyl-s-Triazine
2,6-Dichloroindophenol sodium salt hydrate
2-Aminoethanol
2-Aminopyridine
2-Aminothiazole
2-Hydroxyacetophenone
2-Mercaptoethanol
2-Naphthol
3,5-Dinitrosalicylic acid
3-Nitrophthalic acid
3-Nitrophthalic anhydride
3-Pentanone
4-(p-Nitrophenylozo) resorcinol
4-Chloroaniline
4-Methyl-2-pentanol
Acetamide
Acetanilide
Acetic acid, glacial
Acetic acid, sodium salt trihydrate
Acetylacetone
Acetophenone
Acetylcholine chloride
Acid phosphotungstic
Adipic acid
Agar, nutrient
Aluminum chloride
Aluminum metal shot
Aluminum nitrate
Aluminum potassium sulfate
Aluminum potassium sulfate reagent
Aluminum sulfate
Amido black 10B
Amino-2-naphthol-4-sulfonic acid
Ammonium acetate
Ammonium bifluoride
Ammonium carbonate
Ammonium chloride
Ammonium dichromate
Ammonium molybdate tetrahydrate
Ammonium molybdate(VI) tetrahydrate

Ammonium nitrate
Ammonium oxalate
Ammonium sulfate
Ammonium thiocyanate
Ampicillin lyophilized
Anisole
Anthracene
Anthranilic acid
Anthrone
Antimony
Arginine
Arginine-HCl
Atropine sulfate
Bacto-lactose
Barium chloride anhydrous
Barium hydroxide
Barium nitrate
Barium peroxide
Basic fuchsin
Benzamide
Benzil
Benzilic acid
Benzoic acid
Benzoin
Benzophenone
Benzyl alcohol
Benzyladenine-N-6-monohydrate
Bis (2-ethoxyethyl) ether
Bis (2-methoxyethyl) ether
Bismark brown Y
Bismuth nitrate
Boiling stones
Borax carmine
Boric acid
Brilliant cresyl blue
Bromocresol green
Bromocresol purple
Butyric acid
Cadmium chloride hemi(pentahydrate)
Caffeine
Calcium acetate hydrate
Calcium carbonate
Calcium chloride
Calcium hydroxide
Calcium hypochlorite
Calcium lactate
Calcium sulfate
Calcium sulfate dihydrate
Carbol xylol
Casein
Catechol
Cellulose
Charcoal wood powder
Charcoal-Activated
Chlorohexidine gluconate
Cholesterol
Chromium nitrate
Chromium oxide

Chemistry SDS (cont.)

Chromium potassium sulfate
Chromium trioxide
Citric acid anhydrous
Citronellol
Cobalt chloride
Congo red
Copper
Copper metal shot
Copper tartrate
Copper(II) chloride dihydrate
Copper(II) sulfate pentahydrate
Cumene
Cupric acetate
Cupric carbonate basic
Cupric chloride
Cupric nitrate
Cupric oxide
Cuprous chloride
Cuprous oxide
D-(-)-Fructose
D-(-)-Ribose
D-(+)-Xylose
Decanoic acid
Dextrin powder
Dextrose
D-Histidine
Dibutyl phthalate
Diethyl butylmalonate
Diethyl malonate
Dimethyl maleate
Dimethylglyoxime
Dipotassium ethylenediamine tetraacetate
Disodium (ethylenedinitrilo) tetraacetate
Dithiooxamide
Dithizone
D-Lactose monohydrate
DL-Alanine
DL-Phenylalanine
DL-Tyrosine
DL-Valine
Dodecyl alcohol
Drierite with Indicator
E. coli HB101 lyophilized
EDTA. iron(III) sodium salt
Eriochrome black T
Ethidium bromide
Ethylene glycol
Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid
Ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid, iron(III) sodium salt hydrate
Ferric ammonium citrate
Ferric chloride
Ferric chloride anhydrous
Ferrous ammonium sulfate
Ferrous ammonium sulfate
Ferrous sulfate
Ferrous sulfide
Feulgan stain
Filter agent, celite 521
Fluoroscein
Fructose
Galactose
Galactose-d (+)
Gelatin
Gentian violet
Gibberillic acid
Glass beads
Glucose pentaacetate
Glutathione
Glycerin
Glycine
Glycine
Glyoxylic acid monohydrate
Hippuric acid
Hydrazine sulfate
Hydroxylamine hydrochloride
Indantrione-1,2,3 hydratinhydrin
Indole
Iodine
Iron fillings
Iron powder
Kinetin
Kovac's reagent
L-(+)- Tartaric acid
Lactic acid
Lactose
L-ascorbic acid
Lauric acid
Lauryl sulfate
LB Broth
Lead
Lead acetate
Lead chloride
Lead dioxide
Lead nitrate
Lead oxide red
Lead oxide yellow
Levulose (d-fructose)
Lithium aluminum hydride
Lithium nitrate
L-Proline
Magnesium
Magnesium chloride
Magnesium oxide
Magnesium sulfate
Magnesium sulfate anhydrous
Malachite green G
Maleic acid
Maleic anhydride
Maleic hydrazine
Malonic acid
Maltose monohydrate
Manganese dioxide
Manganous sulfate
Mannose
Merbromin
Mercuric chloride

Chemistry SDS (cont.)

Mercuric nitrate
Mercuric oxide red
Mercurochrome
Mercurous chloride
Mesh-Molecular Sieves
Methyl cellulose
Methyl green
Methyl orange
Methyl red
Methyl violet 2B
Methylene blue
Molecular sieve
Molybdenum trioxide
Monoacetin
Morin hydrate
Mucic acid
Murashige and skoog basal medium with sucrose and agar

N-(1-Naphthyl)ethylenediamine dihydrochloride
Naphthalene
Neutral red
Nickel chloride
Nickel(II) chloride hexahydrate
Nickelous ammonium sulfate
Nickelous sulfate
Nicotinic acid
Nigrosin
Ninhydrin
Nitromethane
Nitron
Nutrient broth
o-Benzoylbenzoic acid
o-Chlorobenzoic acid
Orcinol monohydrate
Oxalic acid
p-Acetophenetidide
Pancreatin
p-Dichlorobenzene
p-Dimethoxybenzene
Petrolatum
Petroleum Ether
Phenolphthalein
Phenyl isothiocyanate
Phenylacetic acid
Phloroglucinol dihydrate
Phloxine B
Phthalic acid
Phthalic anhydride
p-hydroxybenzoic acid
Piperonal
Plasmid (pGLO) lyophilized
p-Nitroaniline
P-Nitrobenzaldehyde
Poly(acrylamide-co-acrylic acid)
Polyvinyl alcohol
Potassium antimonyl tartrate hydrate
Potassium bicarbonate
Potassium biphthalate

Potassium bisulfate
Potassium bitartrate
Potassium bromide
Potassium carbonate
Potassium chlorate
Potassium chloride
Potassium chloridel
Potassium chromate
Potassium cyanate
Potassium cyanide
Potassium dichromate
Potassium ferrocyanide
Potassium hydrogen phthalate
Potassium hydroxide
Potassium iodate
Potassium oxalate
Potassium perchlorate
Potassium permanganate
Potassium persulfate
Potassium phosphate monobasic
Potassium sodium tartrate
Potassium sulfate
p-Phenylphenol
Propionic acid
Propylthiouracil
p-Toluenesulfonic acid
Pyridinium chlorochromate
Pyrogallic acid
Quinalizarin
Quinizarin
Resorcinol
Salicylic acid
Sedi-stain
Semicarbazide hydrochloride
Silica gel
Silica gel desiccant
Silica gel grade 13
SilicAR CC-7
SilicAR TLC-7GF
Silver chloride
Silver iodate
Silver nitrate
Silver sulfate
Soda and lime indicator
Sodium acetate trihydrate
Sodium benzoate
Sodium bicarbonate
Sodium bismuthate
Sodium bisulfite
Sodium borate
Sodium bromide
Sodium carbonate
Sodium chlorate
Sodium chloride
Sodium chlorite
Sodium chromate
Sodium citrate
Sodium cyanide
Sodium dichromate

Chemistry SDS (cont.)

Sodium dihydrogenphosphate monohydrate
Sodium diphenylaminesulfonate
Sodium fluoride
Sodium hydrogenphosphate heptahydrate
Sodium hydrogensulfate monohydrate
Sodium hydrogentartrate
Sodium hydrosulfite
Sodium hydroxide
Sodium hydroxide pellet
Sodium molybdate
Sodium nitrite
Sodium oxalate
Sodium phosphate
Sodium phosphate monobasic
Sodium silicate solution
Sodium sulfate
Sodium sulfate decahydrate
Sodium sulfite
Sodium tartrate
Sodium tetraborate
Sodium tetraborate decahydrate
Sodium thiosulfate
Sodium thiosulfate pentahydrate
Sodium tungstate
Stannous chloride
Starch
Starch soluble
Stearic acid
Steel
Strontium nitrate
Succinic acid
Sucrose
Sudan black B
Sudan III
Sudan IV
Sulfanilamide
Sulfanilic acid
Sulfosalicylic acid

Sulfur
Tannic acid
Tartaric acid
Taurine
TE Buffer
Tetraphenylboron sodium
Thiamine hydrochloride
Thiourea
Thymol
Thymolphthalein
Thyroxine sodium
Tin
trans-Cinnamin acid
Transformation Solution
Tricaine methanesulfonate
Trichloroacetic acid
Triethanolamine
Triethylene glycol
Triphenyl tetrazolium
Triphenylmethanol
Tris(hydroxymethyl)aminomethane
Trizma base
Turk solution
Tween 20
Uranyl nitrate
Urea
Vanillin
Vitamin C
Wintergreen oil
Wright's stain
Zinc
Zinc acetate
Zinc carbonate
Zinc chloride
Zinc nitrate hexahydrate
Zinc oxide
Zinc purified powder
Zinc sulfide
Zinc sulfide powder

Custodial MSDS/SDS

Ajax All Purpose Cleaner Liquid - Lemon
Alpha HP Multi-Surface Disinfectant Cleaner
Baseboard Cleaner & Wax Stripper
Big D Para Products
Breakdown Odor Eliminator Concentrate Fresh
Clario Foaming Skin Cleanser
Clorox Commercial Solutions Ultra Clorox Germicidal Bleach
Dial Hair and Body Shampoo
Dust Up Floor Dressing & Dust Mop Treatment
Electrasol Powerball 2-in-1 Tabs
enMotion Gentle Foam Soap with Moisturizers Fragrance-Free, Dye-Free
Enzyme Plus – Brighton Professional
Foaming Acid Restroom Cleaner
Gleme Glass Cleaner
Hot Springs Heavy-Duty General Purpose Cleaner Concentrate
J Works Tempest Solvent-Free Cleaner/Degreaser
Liquid Antibacterial Soap
Percolator Premium Spotter
ProKure
Pro Strip Pure Non Corrosive Stripper
Pro Strip SC High Efficiency Floor Stripper
Radiance Laundry Concentrate
Raindance SC Low Foam Neutral Floor Cleaner
Renuzit Super Odor Neutralizer
Snapback Spray Buff Conventional
Stride Fragrance Free SC Neutral Cleaner
Time Saver Floor Finish
Virex II 256
Water Base Stainless Steel Maintainer
Whiteboard Cleaner

Dining Services SDS

Bernzomatic Propane Cartridge (Propane)
Classic Germicidal Ultra Bleach
Clorox Germicidal Bleach
Dawn Professional Manual Pot and Pan Detergent
Floorbac Bioactive Floor Cleaner
Glass and Hard Surface (Non-Ammoniated Cleaner)
Hand-Kleen (han-gel, lotion soap)
Low Temp Rinse Aid
Mach Drymate
Mach Washmate
Mach Washmate NP
Machine Detergent 3X
RoomSense 200 Disinfectant Cleaner
Solution QA
Sterno Butane Fuel Cartridge
Sterno Solid 2 Hour Fuel
Sterno Solid 4 Hour Fuel
Super 8
Super Clean Degreaser
Tork Foodservice Cleaning Wet Wipes
Tork Foodservice Sanitizing Wet Wipes
Ultra D-Grease Supreme SDS
Ultra FC-46
Ultra Pot & Pan Supreme
WD-40
Windex Original Glass Cleaner
Xpress Stainless Steel Polish

Nursing SDS

Acetone

Alcohol Prep Pads Saturated W/70% Isopropyl Alcohol Mms

Ammonia Inhalants Mms

Artificial Blood

Blood, Concentrated, Synthetic (Gaumard) Gaumard

Blood, Concentrated, Synthetic (Laerdal) Laerdal

Bzk Antiseptic Towelettes Mms

Chloraprep 2.0% Mms

Chloraprep With Orange Tint Donation

Cleanser, Disinfectant Powder Cleanser (Comet, Western Family) Walmart

Clorax Healthcare Bleach Germicidal Wipes

Dawn Dishwashing Liquid Walmart

Dispatch Hospital Cleaner Disinfectant Towels W/Bleach Donation

Dynalube (Dyn1250) Mms

Elmer'S Glue-Al Walmart

Eyesaline Eyewash Honeywell

Gastrocult Developer Solution Orion

Germ-X Hand Sanitizer Walmart

Goof Off

Hemocult Developer Solution Orion

Hydrogen Peroxide Walmart

Isopropyl Alcohol - Rubbing Alcohol 70%

Isopropyl Alcohol - Rubbing Alcohol 91%

Liquid Paper Correction Fluid

Nail Polish Remover Non Acetone

Nail Polish Remover With Acetone (Cutex Regular) Walmart

Regular Clorox Bleach Walmart

Sensi-Care Skin Protectant

Super Glue Walmart

Surgilube Mms

OCCI SDS

Asidufoam Super Foaming Bathroom Cleaner
Betco - Push Drain Maintainer 133
Chem Kleen - Cleaner
Clorox Anywhere Hard Surface Sanitizing Spray
Clorox Germicidal Bleach
Comet Deodorizing Cleanser with Chlorinol
Foaming Antibacterial Hand Cleanser
GOK
GreenEarth Push Drain Maintainer Floor Cleaner and Spotter
Grill & Oven Cleaner-Claire
Low Temp Rinse Aid
Machine Detergent 3X
Murphy Oil Soap Spray
Oxiclean
Pot & Pan
Power Scrub- Aluminum Safe Cleaner
RoomSense 100 Air Freshener
RoomSense 200 Air Freshener
RoomSense 300 Air Freshener
Solution QA
Sparkle - Glass Cleaner
Ultra D-Grease Supreme SDS
Ultra FC-46
Xpress Stainless Steel Polish
Xpress White 'N Brite

Student Housing SDS

Alpha HP Multi Surface Cleaner
Claire Aerosol Chewing Gum Remover
Crew Bathroom Cleaner and Scale Remover
Crew Restroom Floor and Surface Non Acid Cleaner
Dermacare Premium Lotion Soap
Dial Complete Foaming Antibacterial Hand Soap
Glance HC Glass & Multi-Surface Cleaner
Jasco TSP
Kilzall High Yield
Lift Off 3
Mr. Muscle Oven and Grill Cleaner Aerosol
Murphy's Oil Soap
Ortho Weed B Gone Plus Crab Grass Control
Prominence Heavy Duty Floor Cleaner
Quick Line T-A-P Orange Neutral Citrus Cleaner
Quick Line TKO Oven and Grille Cleaner
Raindance
Sewer Cleaner
Suma Kitchen Degreaser
Virex II 256 Multi Surface Cleaner

Printer Toners and Developers on Campus

- 1 2515 SDS_Savin Toner Type 2518 BLK (Black toner)
- 2 2515 SDS_DEVELOPER TYPE 19 BLACK(B0399640) (Black developer)
- 3 SDS_DEVELOPER TYPE 28 BLACK B1219645(REI) (Black developer)
- 4 SDS_Toner Type 2120D_2522_5627 (Black toner)
- 5 SDS_DEVELOPER TYPE 24 BLACK(B0649645) (Black developer)
- 6 SDS_TONER TYPE 6110D_6075_6110D (Black toner)
- 7 SDS_Print Cartridge Black Type MP C3000_C3030_LD430c (Black toner)
- 8 SDS_Print Cartridge Yellow Type MP C3000_C3030_LD430c (Yellow toner)
- 9 SDS_Print Cartridge Magenta Type MP C3000_C3030_LD430c (Magenta toner)
- 10 SDS_Print Cartridge Cyan Type MP C3000_C3030_LD430c (Cyan toner)
- 11 SDS_DEVELOPER BLACK(D0239640) (Black developer)
- 12 SDS_DEVELOPER CYAN(D0239660) (Cyan developer)
- 13 SDS_DEVELOPER MAGENTA(D0239670) (Magenta developer)
- 14 SDS_DEVELOPER YELLOW(D0239680) (Yellow developer)
- 15 SDS_DEVELOPER BLACK(B2309640) (Black developer)
- 16 SDS_DEVELOPER CYAN(B2309660) (Cyan developer)
- 17 SDS_DEVELOPER MAGENTA(B2309670) (Magenta developer)
- 18 SDS_DEVELOPER YELLOW(B2309680) (Yellow developer)
- 19 SDS_Print Cartridge Black Type MP C3300_C3333_LD533C (Black toner)
- 20 SDS_Print Cartridge Magenta Type MP C3501_C9135_LD635C_ MP C3300_C3333_LD533C (Magenta toner)
- 21 SDS_Print Cartridge Cyan Type MP C3501_C9135_LD635C_ MP C3300_C3333_LD533C (Cyan toner)
- 22 SDS_Print Cartridge Yellow Type MP C3501_C9135_LD635C_ MP C3300_C3333_LD533C (Yellow toner)
- 23 SDS_DEVELOPER BLACK D1979640 (Black developer) xx54
- 24 SDS_RICOH_Savin_Lanier Print Cartridge MP 3554 (Black toner)
- 25 SDS_Toner MP 301 (Black toner)
- 26 SDS_DEVELOPER BLACK D1449640 (Black developer)
- 27 SDS_DEVELOPER CYAN D1449660 (Cyan developer)
- 28 SDS_DEVELOPER MAGENTA D1449670 (Magenta developer)
- 29 SDS_DEVELOPER YELLOW D1449680 (Yellow developer)
- 30 SDS_PRINT CARTRIDGE BLACK MP C3502 (Black toner)
- 31 SDS_PRINT CARTRIDGE MAGENTA MP C3502 (Magenta toner)
- 32 SDS_PRINT CARTRIDGE YELLOW MP C3502 (Yellow toner)
- 33 SDS_PRINT CARTRIDGE CYAN MP C3502 (Cyan toner)
- 34 SDS_RICOH_SAVIN_LANIER Print Cartridge Black MP C3503 (Black toner)
- 35 SDS_RICOH_SAVIN_LANIER Print Cartridge Yellow MP C3503 (Yellow toner)
- 36 SDS_RICOH_SAVIN_LANIER Print Cartridge Magenta MP C3503 (Magenta toner)
- 37 SDS_RICOH_SAVIN_LANIERr Print Cartridge Cyan MP C3503 (Cyan toner)
- 38 SDS_RICOH_SAVIN_LANIER Print Cartridge Black MP C6003 (Black toner)

39 SDS_RICOH_SAVIN_LANIER Print Cartridge Yellow MP C6003 (Yellow toner)
40 SDS_RICOH_SAVIN_LANIER Print Cartridge Magenta MP C6003 (Magenta toner)
41 SDS_RICOH_SAVIN_LANIER Print Cartridge Cyan MP C6003 (Cyan toner)
42 SDS_RICOH_SAVIN_LANIER Pro Print Cartridge Black C5100 (Black toner)
43 SDS_RICOH_SAVIN_LANIER Pro Print Cartridge Yellow C5100 (Yellow toner)
44 SDS_RICOH_SAVIN_LANIER Pro Print Cartridge Magenta C5100 (Magenta toner)
45 SDS_RICOH_SAVIN_LANIER Pro Print Cartridge Cyan C5100 (Cyan toner)
46 SDS_DEVELOPER BLACK D1369640 (Black developer)
47 SDS_DEVELOPER CYAN D1369660 (Cyan developer)
48 SDS_DEVELOPER MAGENTA D1369670 (Magenta developer)
49 SDS_DEVELOPER YELLOW D1369680 (Yellow developer)
Ricoh Dellwood toner Fin aid - 2120D Black

Type: Adobe Acro
Size: 328 KB
Date modified:

Dental Program SDS

2-Tone Disclosing Liquid
2-Tone Disclosing Tablets
3M ESPE 2380, 4930, 8692 and 8693 Series Sof-Lex Extra Thin
MI Paste
3m™ ESPE™2380, 4930, 8692 And 8693 Series Sof-Lex™ Extra Thin
Contouring
And Polishing Discs
Aquasil
BluTab
Brilliant EverGlow
Chemfil Rok
COE Soft Denture Reline Material
Colgate Total Clean Mint
Crest Pro-Health Rinse – Cool Wintergreen
Enthus VPS Impression Material
Enzyme Tablets
Eugenol
File-Eze
Filtek Supreme Ultra
Fuji 1 Powder and Liquid Cement
Glutaraldehyde
Handpiece Lubricant
Hydraulic Oil
iBOND Total Etch
IRM Powder
Isopropyl Alcohol
Jeltrate Alginate Impression Material
Jeltrate
Jeltrate Chroma
Kromatic Color Changing Alginate
Lab Plaster Regular

Labstone Buff
Listerine Total Care Mouth Wash
Luxatemp Ultra
Mach Die Silicone
MI Past Plus

Nu Gauze
One Coat 7 Universal
ParaBond Adhesive B
ParaBond Adhesive A
Petroleum Jelly
Red Utility Wax
Sani-Cloth AF3 Germicidal Disposable Wipe
Speed Clean Autoclave Cleaner
Spray 2000 Plus X-Ray Processor Spray
Temp Bond NE
TPH Spectra
TPH 3flow
Tray Adhesive Spray
Triad Custom Tray Material
Ultra Bond Block Out
Venus Diamond Flowable
Virtuoso Universal Composite
Vicostat
X-Ray Fixer